

### Annex 3. Normalization of the measures that showed significant correlations and counting their means per session

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"""
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We normalize the measures that showed good correlations and compute means of those measures per
session
"""

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

"""
for the mean length of p-bursts (threshold 1000 ms) we 1) normalize the data 2) divide the data
into 3 sessions
"""

mlpb = pd.read_csv("C:/Users/Daria Alexander/PycharmProjects/fluency-an-
fin/norm/mlpb1000_corr.csv", encoding='utf-8', sep=';')

# normalize the data for the mean length of p-bursts
mlpb['norm'] = (mlpb['mean_l_p_bursts'] -
mlpb['mean_l_p_bursts'].min()) / (mlpb['mean_l_p_bursts'].max() - mlpb['mean_l_p_bursts'].min())

# extract the data of the first session
mlpb_s1 = mlpb[mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-21") |
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-06") | \
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-15") |
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-16 06") | \
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-16 07")]

# compute the mean for the first session
ml_s1 = mlpb_s1['norm'].mean()
print("session1_mlpb", ml_s1)

# extract the data of the second session
mlpb_s2 = mlpb[mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-24") | \
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-
25") | mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-05") |
| mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-07") |
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-16 09")]

# compute the mean for the second session
ml_s2 = mlpb_s2['norm'].mean()
print("session2_mlpb", ml_s2)

# extract the data of the third session
mlpb_s3 = mlpb[mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-27") | \
| mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-26") |
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-23") | \
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-
08") | mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-09") | \
mlpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-12")]

# compute the mean of the third session
ml_s3 = mlpb_s3['norm'].mean()
print("session3_mlpb", ml_s3)

"""
for the mean duration of p-bursts (threshold 300 ms) we 1) normalize the data 2) divide the data
into 3 sessions
"""

mdpb = pd.read_csv("C:/Users/Daria Alexander/PycharmProjects/fluency-an-
fin/norm/mdpb300_corr.csv", encoding='utf-8', sep=';')

# normalize the data for the mean duration of p-bursts
mdpb['norm'] = (mdpb['mean_p_bursts'] -
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mdpb['mean_p_bursts'].min())/(mdpb['mean_p_bursts'].max()-mdpb['mean_p_bursts'].min())

#extract the data of the first session
mdpb_s1 = mdpb[mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-21") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-15") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-16 06") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-06") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-16 07")]

# compute the mean of the first session
md_s1 = mdpb_s1['norm'].mean()
print("session1_mdpb",md_s1)

# extract the data of the second session
mdpb_s2 = mdpb[mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-24") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-25") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-05") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-07") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-16 09")]

# compute the mean of the second session
md_s2 = mdpb_s2['norm'].mean()
print("session2_mdpb",md_s2)

# extract the data of the third session
mdpb_s3 = mdpb[mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-27") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-09-26") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-10-
23") |mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-08") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-09") |\
             mdpb['conv_init_time'].str.contains("2018-11-12")]

# compute the mean of the third session
md_s3 = mdpb_s3['norm'].mean()
print("session3_mdpb",md_s3)

```